Component B - SDS

SECTION 1 : IDENTIFICATION

Product identifier used on the label:
Product Name: FLEXANE HIGH PERFORMANCE PUTTY CURING AGENT

Other means of identification:
Synonyms: None.

Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use:
Product Use/Restriction: Not applicable.

Chemical manufacturer address and telephone number:
Manufacturer Name: ITW Performance Polymers
Address: 30 Endicott Street
Danvers, MA 01923
General Phone Number: (978) 777-1100

Emergency phone number:
Emergency Phone Number: (800) 424-9300
CHEMTREC: For emergencies in the US, call CHEMTREC: 800-424-9300

SECTION 2 : HAZARD(S) IDENTIFICATION

Classification of the chemical in accordance with CFR 1910.1200(d)(f):

GHS Pictograms:

Signal Word: WARNING.

GHS Class:
Specific Target Organ Toxicity -STOT Repeated exposure RE. Category 2 (Oral, liver, kidney, and pancreas).
Eye Irritation. Category 2.
Skin Irritation. Category 2.

Hazard Statements:
H373 - May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
H319 - Causes serious eye irritation.
H315 - Causes skin irritation.
H302 - Harmful if swallowed.
Precautionary Statements:
P260 - Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray.  
P264 - Wash hands thoroughly after handling.  
P270 - Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.  
P280 - Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.  
P301+P312 - IF SWALLOWED: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician if you feel unwell.  
P302+P352 - IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water.  
P305+P351+P338 - IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.  
P314 - Get medical advice/attention if you feel unwell.  
P321 - Specific treatment (see ... on this label).  
P330 - Rinse mouth.  
P332+P313 - If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention.  
P337+P313 - If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention.  
P362+P364 - Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.  
P501 - Dispose of contents/container in accordance with Local, State, Federal and Provincial regulations.

Hazards not otherwise classified that have been identified during the classification process:

**Diethyltoluenediamine**

**Signs/Symptoms:**
Symptoms of ingestion may include abdominal pain, nausea, vomiting, and diarrhea. Causes serious eye irritation with symptoms of reddening, tearing, swelling, and burning. Inhalation, skin absorption, or ingestion may cause methemoglobin formation resulting in a reduced ability of the blood to carry oxygen; a symptom of this may be cyanosis (purplish-blue coloring of skin, fingernails, and lips).

**Route of Exposure:**
Eyes. Skin. Inhalation. Ingestion.

**Potential Health Effects:**

- **Eye:**
  Can cause severe eye irritation and burns. Eye contact may cause permanent damage or blindness.

- **Skin:**
  Causes severe skin irritation. May cause permanent skin damage.

- **Inhalation:**
  Vapor or mist may cause severe respiratory system irritation.

- **Ingestion:**
  Causes irritation, a burning sensation of the mouth, throat and gastrointestinal tract and abdominal pain.

**Chronic Health Effects:**
Prolonged skin contact may lead to burning associated with severe reddening, swelling, and possible tissue destruction.

**Signs/Symptoms:**
Overexposure may cause eye watering or discomfort, redness and swelling.

**Target Organs:**
Eyes. Skin. Respiratory system. Digestive system.

**Aggravation of Pre-Existing Conditions:**
May aggravate pre-existing respiratory disorders, allergy, eczema, or skin conditions.

**SECTION 3 : COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS**

**Mixtures:**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Chemical Name</th>
<th>CAS#</th>
<th>Ingredient Percent</th>
<th>EC Num.</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Diethyltoluenediamine</td>
<td>68479-98-1</td>
<td>60 - 70 by weight</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Carbon black</td>
<td>1333-86-4</td>
<td>1 - 10 by weight</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Dipropylene glycol dibenzoate</td>
<td>27138-31-4</td>
<td>10 - 20 by weight</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Epoxidized soybean oil</td>
<td>8013-07-8</td>
<td>10 - 20 by weight</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**SECTION 4 : FIRST AID MEASURES**

**Description of necessary measures:**

**Eye Contact:**
Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 to 20 minutes. Ensure adequate flushing of the eyes by separating the eyelids with fingers. Get immediate medical attention.

**Skin Contact:**
Immediately wash skin with plenty of soap and water for 15 to 20 minutes, while removing contaminated clothing and shoes. Get medical attention if irritation develops or persists.

**Inhalation:**
If inhaled, remove to fresh air. If not breathing, give artificial respiration or give oxygen by trained personnel. Seek immediate medical attention.

**Ingestion:**
If swallowed, do NOT induce vomiting. Call a physician or poison control center immediately. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

**Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed:**

**Other First Aid:**
Symptoms of ingestion may include abdominal pain, nausea, vomiting, and diarrhea. Causes serious eye irritation with symptoms of reddening, tearing, swelling, and burning. Inhalation, skin absorption, or ingestion may cause methemoglobin formation resulting in a reduced ability of the blood to carry oxygen; a symptom of this may be cyanosis (purplish-blue coloring of skin, fingernails, and lips).
Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed:

Note to Physicians: Immediately give oxygen if victim turns blue (lips, ears, fingernails). Since reversion of methaemoglobin to haemoglobin occurs spontaneously after termination of exposure, moderate degrees of cyanosis need to be treated only by supportive measures.

SECTION 5: FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

Suitable and unsuitable extinguishing media:

Suitable Extinguishing Media: Use carbon dioxide (CO2) or dry chemical when fighting fires involving this material.

Unsuitable extinguishing media: Water or foam may cause frothing.

Special protective equipment and precautions for fire-fighters:

Protective Equipment: As in any fire, wear Self-Contained Breathing Apparatus (SCBA), MSHA/NIOSH (approved or equivalent) and full protective gear.

Fire Fighting Instructions: Evacuate area of unprotected personnel. Use cold water spray to cool fire exposed containers to minimize risk of rupture. Do not enter confined fire space without full protective gear. If possible, contain fire run-off water.

SECTION 6: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures:

Personal Precautions: Evacuate area and keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering the spill area.

Environmental precautions:

Environmental Precautions: Avoid runoff into storm sewers, ditches, and waterways.

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up:

Spill Cleanup Measures: Absorb spill with inert material (e.g., dry sand or earth), then place in a chemical waste container. Provide ventilation. Clean up spills immediately observing precautions in the protective equipment section. After removal, flush spill area with soap and water to remove trace residue. Avoid personal contact and breathing vapors or mists. Ventilate area. Use proper personal protective equipment as listed in Section 8.

Reference to other sections:

Other Precautions: Pump or shovel to storage/salvage vessels.

SECTION 7: HANDLING and STORAGE

Precautions for safe handling:

Handling: Use with adequate ventilation. Avoid breathing vapor, aerosol or mist.

Hygiene Practices: Wash thoroughly after handling.

Special Handling Procedures: Provide appropriate ventilation/respiratory protection against decomposition products (see Section 10) during welding/flame cutting operations and to protect against dust during sanding/grinding of cured product.

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities:

Storage: Store in a cool, dry, well ventilated area away from sources of heat and incompatible materials. Keep container tightly closed when not in use. Do not store in reactive metal containers. Keep away from acids, oxidizers.

SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS, PERSONAL PROTECTION

EXPOSURE GUIDELINES:

Diethyltoluenediamine:

Guideline Type: Manufacturer recommended occupational exposure limit

Guideline Info: OEL-TWA: 2 ppm

Carbon black:

Guideline ACGIH: TLV-TWA: 3 mg/m3 Inhalable fraction (I)

Appropriate engineering controls:

Engineering Controls: Use appropriate engineering control such as process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation, or other engineering controls to control airborne levels below recommended exposure limits. Good general ventilation should be sufficient to control airborne levels. Where such systems are not effective wear suitable personal protective equipment, which performs satisfactorily and meets OSHA or other recognized standards. Consult with local procedures for selection, training, inspection and maintenance of the personal protective equipment.
Individual protection measures:

**Eye/Face Protection:** Wear appropriate protective glasses or splash goggles as described by 29 CFR 1910.133, OSHA eye and face protection regulation, or the European standard EN 166.

**Skin Protection Description:** Wear appropriate protective gloves and other protective apparel to prevent skin contact. Consult manufacturer's data for permeability data.

**Respiratory Protection:** A NIOSH approved air-purifying respirator with an organic vapor cartridge or canister may be permissible under certain circumstances where airborne concentrations are expected to exceed exposure limits. Protection provided by air purifying respirators is limited. Use a positive pressure air supplied respirator if there is any potential for an uncontrolled release, exposure levels are not known, or any other circumstances where air purifying respirators may not provide adequate protection.

**Other Protective:** Facilities storing or utilizing this material should be equipped with an eyewash and a deluge shower safety station.

**Notes:** Only established PEL and TLV values for the ingredients are listed.

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**SECTION 9 : PHYSICAL and CHEMICAL PROPERTIES**

**Physical State Appearance:** Liquid.

**Color:** Mobile Black.

**Odor:** Mild ammonia like.

**Boiling Point:** >450°F (232.2°C)

**Melting Point:** Not determined.

**Specific Gravity:** 1.05

**Solubility:** Negligible.

**Vapor Density:** >1 (air = 1)

**Vapor Pressure:** <1 mmHg @ 70°F

**Percent Volatile:** 0

**Evaporation Rate:** <<1 (butyl acetate = 1)

**pH:** 7-8 @ 5 Percent Solution

**Molecular Formula:** Mixture

**Molecular Weight:** Mixture

**Flash Point:** >275°F (135°C)

**Flash Point Method:** Tag closed cup. (TCC)

**Lower Flammable/Explosive Limit:** Not determined.

**Upper Flammable/Explosive Limit:** Not determined.

**Auto Ignition Temperature:** Not determined.

**VOC Content:** 0 g/L

**9.2 Other information:** Percent Solids by Weight: 100

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**SECTION 10 : STABILITY and REACTIVITY**

**Chemical Stability:** Stable under normal temperatures and pressures.

**Possibility of hazardous reactions:** Not reported.

**Hazardous Polymerization:** Not reported.

**Conditions to Avoid:** Extreme heat, sparks, and open flame. Incompatible materials, oxidizers and oxidizing conditions.

**Incompatible Materials:** Oxidizers, acids, and chlorinated organic compounds. Reactive metals (e.g. sodium, calcium, zinc). Sodium/calcium hypochlorite. Nitrous acid/oxide, nitrates. Peroxides. Materials reactive with hydroxyl compounds.

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**SECTION 11 : TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

**Diethyltoluenediamine:**
**Ingestion:** Oral - Rat LD50 - Lethal dose, 50 percent kill: 472 mg/kg [Sense Organs and Special Senses (Eye) - Lacrimation Behavioral - Somnolence (general depressed activity) Musculoskeletal - Other changes] (RTECS)

**Carbon black:**

**Skin:** Administration onto the skin - Rabbit LD50 - Lethal dose, 50 percent kill: >3 gm/kg [Details of toxic effects not reported other than lethal dose value] (RTECS)

**Ingestion:** Oral - Rat LD50 - Lethal dose, 50 percent kill: >15400 mg/kg [Behavioral - Somnolence (general depressed activity)] (RTECS)

**Chronic Effects:** This product contains carbon black, which is classified as a possible carcinogen by the International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC). Although normal application procedures for this product pose minimal hazard as to the release of carbon black dust, grinding or sanding cured product may generate respirable carbon black.

**Carcinogenicity:** Carbon black and its extracts have been tested for carcinogenicity in rats and mice by inhalation and it has shown sufficient evidence in laboratory animals for the carcinogenicity of carbon black.

**Dipropylene glycol dibenzoate:**

**Skin:** Administration onto the skin - Rat LD50 - Lethal dose, 50 percent kill: >2000 mg/kg [Details of toxic effects not reported other than lethal dose value] (RTECS)

**Ingestion:** Oral - Rat LD50 - Lethal dose, 50 percent kill: 3295 mg/kg [Brain and Coverings - Other degenerative changes Cardiac - Cardiomyopathy including infarction Liver - Other changes] (RTECS)

**Epoxidized soybean oil:**

**Skin:** Administration onto the skin - Rabbit LD50 - Lethal dose, 50 percent kill: >20 mL/kg [Details of toxic effects not reported other than lethal dose value] (RTECS)

**Ingestion:** Oral - Rat LD50 - Lethal dose, 50 percent kill: 40 gm/kg [Details of toxic effects not reported other than lethal dose value]

Oral - Rat LD50 - Lethal dose, 50 percent kill: 22500 uL/kg [Details of toxic effects not reported other than lethal dose value] (RTECS)

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**SECTION 12 : ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

Ecotoxicity:

Ecotoxicity: No ecotoxicity data was found for the product.

Environmental Fate: No environmental information found for this product.

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**SECTION 13 : DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS**

Description of waste:

Waste Disposal: Consult with the US EPA Guidelines listed in 40 CFR Part 261.3 for the classifications of hazardous waste prior to disposal. Furthermore, consult with your state and local waste requirements or guidelines, if applicable, to ensure compliance. Arrange disposal in accordance to the EPA and/or state and local guidelines.

RCRA Number: Not determined.

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**SECTION 14 : TRANSPORT INFORMATION**

DOT Shipping Name: Refer to Bill of Lading

DOT UN Number: Refer to Bill of Lading

IATA Shipping Name: Refer to Bill of Lading

IATA UN Number: Refer to Bill of Lading

IMDG UN Number: Refer to Bill of Lading

IMDG Shipping Name: Refer to Bill of Lading

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**SECTION 15 : REGULATORY INFORMATION**

Safety, health and environmental regulations specific for the product:

**Diethyltoluenediamine:**

TSCA Inventory Status: Listed

Canada DSL: Listed

**Carbon black:**

TSCA Inventory Status: Listed

California PROP 65: Listed: cancer.

Canada DSL: Listed

**Dipropylene glycol dibenzoate:**
Component A - SDS

SECTION 1 : IDENTIFICATION

Product identifier used on the label:
Product Name: FLEXANE HIGH PERFORMANCE 275 PUTTY RESIN

Other means of identification:

Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use:

Chemical manufacturer address and telephone number:
Manufacturer Name: ITW
Address: 30 Endicott Street
Danvers, MA 01923
General Phone Number: (978) 777-1100

Emergency phone number:
Emergency Phone Number: (800) 424-9300
CHEMTREC: For emergencies in the US, call CHEMTREC: 800-424-9300

SECTION 2 : HAZARD(S) IDENTIFICATION

Classification of the hazard in accordance with CFR 1910.1200(d)(f):
SECTION 3 : COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

**Aggravation of Pre-Existing Conditions:**
Individuals with pre-existing skin disorders, asthma, allergies or known sensitization may be more susceptible to the effects of this product. Isocyanate exposure levels must be monitored. Medical supervision of all employees who handle or come in contact with isocyanates is recommended (i.e. FEV, FVC). This should include pre-employment and periodic medical examinations. Persons with asthmatic-type conditions, chronic bronchitis, other chronic respiratory diseases, recurrent skin eczema or sensitization should be excluded from working with this product. Once sensitized no further exposure can be permitted.

**Route of Exposure:**
Eyes. Skin. Inhalation. Ingestion.

**Potential Health Effects:**

**Eye:**
Can cause moderate irritation, burning sensation, tearing, redness, and swelling. Overexposure may cause lacrimation, conjunctivitis, corneal damage and permanent injury.

**Skin:**
Can cause skin irritation; itching, redness, rashes, hives, burning, and swelling. Allergic reactions are possible. May cause skin sensitization, an allergic reaction, which becomes evident on reexposure to this material.

**Inhalation:**
Respiratory tract irritant. High concentration may cause dizziness, headache, and anesthetic effects. May cause respiratory sensitization with asthma-like symptoms in susceptible individuals.

**Ingestion:**
Causes irritation, a burning sensation of the mouth, throat and gastrointestinal tract and abdominal pain.

**Chronic Health Effects:**
Prolonged skin contact may lead to burning associated with severe reddening, swelling, and possible tissue destruction.

**Signs/Symptoms:**
Overexposure can cause headaches, dizziness, nausea, and vomiting.

**Target Organs:**

**Aggravation of Pre-Existing Conditions:**
Individuals with pre-existing skin disorders, asthma, allergies or known sensitization may be more susceptible to the effects of this product. Isocyanate exposure levels must be monitored. Medical supervision of all employees who handle or come in contact with isocyanates is recommended (i.e. FEV, FVC). This should include pre-employment and periodic medical examinations. Persons with asthmatic-type conditions, chronic bronchitis, other chronic respiratory diseases, recurrent skin eczema or sensitization should be excluded from working with this product. Once sensitized no further exposure can be permitted.
Mixtures:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Chemical Name</th>
<th>CAS#</th>
<th>Ingredient Percent</th>
<th>EC Num.</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Proprietary ingredient(s)</td>
<td>Trade Secret</td>
<td>70 - 80 by weight</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Butylated Hydroxytoluene (BHT)</td>
<td>128-37-0</td>
<td>1 - 10 by weight</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Methyl ethyl ketone</td>
<td>78-93-3</td>
<td>10 - 20 by weight</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2,4 Toluene diisocyanate</td>
<td>584-84-9</td>
<td>1 - 10 by weight</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Dicyclohexylmethane-4,4'-diisocyanate</td>
<td>5124-30-1</td>
<td>1 - 10 by weight</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4,4'-Diphenylmethane diisocyanate</td>
<td>101-68-8</td>
<td>0.1 - 1.0 by weight</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

SECTION 4 : FIRST AID MEASURES

Description of necessary measures:

Eye Contact: Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 to 20 minutes. Ensure adequate flushing of the eyes by separating the eyelids with fingers. Get immediate medical attention.

Skin Contact: Immediately wash skin with plenty of soap and water for 15 to 20 minutes, while removing contaminated clothing and shoes. Get medical attention if irritation develops or persists.

Inhalation: If inhaled, remove to fresh air. If not breathing, give artificial respiration or give oxygen by trained personnel. Seek immediate medical attention.

Ingestion: If swallowed, do NOT induce vomiting. Call a physician or poison control center immediately. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed:

Other First Aid: Breathing difficulties. Symptoms of overexposure may be headache, dizziness, tiredness, nausea and vomiting: Inhalation of high vapor concentrations may cause symptoms like headache, dizziness, tiredness, nausea and vomiting.

Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed:

Note to Physicians: Bronchial constriction may develop after extensive exposure to isocyanates, even in individuals who have not been shown to be previously sensitized. Asthmatic type symptoms may develop, which may be immediate or delayed for several hours.

SECTION 5 : FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

Suitable and unsuitable extinguishing media:

Suitable Extinguishing Media: Use carbon dioxide (CO2) or dry chemical when fighting fires involving this material.

Specific hazards arising from the chemical:


Unusual Fire Hazards: Vapors can flow along surfaces to distant ignition sources and flash back. Closed containers may rupture via pressure build-up when exposed to fire or extreme heat.

Special protective equipment and precautions for fire-fighters:

Protective Equipment: As in any fire, wear Self-Contained Breathing Apparatus (SCBA), MSHA/NIOSH (approved or equivalent) and full protective gear.

Fire Fighting Instructions: Evacuate area of unprotected personnel. Use cold water spray to cool fire exposed containers to minimize risk of rupture. Do not enter confined fire space without full protective gear. If possible, contain fire run-off water. Vapors can flow along surfaces to distant ignition sources and flash back.

SECTION 6 : ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures:

Personal Precautions: Evacuate area and keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering the spill area.
Section 7: Handling and Storage

Precautions for safe handling:
Handling: Use with adequate ventilation. Avoid breathing vapor, aerosol or mist. Material will accumulate static charges which may cause an electrical spark (ignition source). Use proper grounding procedures. Do not reseal containers without proper cleaning or reconditioning.

Hygiene Practices: Wash thoroughly after handling.

Special Handling Procedures: Provide appropriate ventilation/respiratory protection against decomposition products (see Section 10) during welding/flame cutting operations and to protect against dust during sanding/grinding of cured product. If moisture or water contamination is suspected. Do not reuse, venturize, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind, expose to sparks, flame, or ignition sources of empty containers without proper commercial cleaning or reconditioning.

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities:
Storage: Store in a cool, dry, well ventilated area away from sources of heat, combustible materials, direct sunlight, and incompatible substances. Keep container tightly closed when not in use. Do not reseal container. If moisture or water contamination is suspected. Water contaminated material in a sealed container may rupture due to pressure buildup. Recommended storage temperature is between 18°C and 30°C (64°F and 86°F).

Section 8: Exposure Controls, Personal Protection

Exposure Guidelines:

**Butylated Hydroxytoluene (BHT):**
- Guideline ACGIH: TLV-TWA: 2 mg/m³ Inhalable vapor fraction (IVF)
- Guideline OSHA: PEL-TWA: 200 ppm

**Methyl ethyl ketone:**
- Guideline ACGIH: TLV-STEL: 300 ppm
- Guideline OSHA: PEL-TWA: 200 ppm

**2,4 Toluene diisocyanate:**
- Guideline ACGIH: TLV-STEL: 0.01 ppm
- TLV-TWA: 0.005 ppm
- TLV-TWA: 0.001 ppm Inhalable vapor fraction (IVF)
- TLV-STEL: 0.003 ppm Inhalable vapor fraction (IVF)
- Skin: Yes.
- Sensitizer: Sen
- Guideline OSHA: PEL-Ceiling/Peak: 0.02 ppm

**Dicyclopentadiene-4,4'-diisocyanate:**
- Guideline ACGIH: TLV-TWA: 0.005 ppm
- Guideline OSHA: PEL-Ceiling/Peak: 0.02 ppm

Appropriate engineering controls:
- Engineering Controls: Use appropriate engineering control such as process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation, or other engineering controls to control airborne levels below recommended exposure limits. Good general ventilation should be sufficient to control airborne levels. Where such systems are not effective wear suitable personal protective equipment, which performs satisfactorily and meets OSHA or other recognized standards. Consult with local procedures for selection, training, inspection and maintenance of the personal protective equipment.

Individual protection measures:
- Eye/Face Protection: Wear appropriate protective glasses or splash goggles as described by 29 CFR 1910.133, OSHA eye and face protection regulation, or the European standard EN 166.

- Skin Protection Description: Wear appropriate protective gloves and other protective apparel to prevent skin contact. Consult manufacturer's data for permeability data.

- Respiratory Protection: A NIOSH approved air-purifying respirator with an organic vapor cartridge or canister may be permissible under certain circumstances where airborne concentrations are expected to exceed exposure limits. Protection provided by air purifying respirators is limited. Use a positive pressure air supplied respirator if there is any potential for an uncontrolled release, exposure levels are not known, or any other circumstances where air purifying respirators may not provide adequate protection.
### SECTION 9: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

**Physical State Appearance:** Liquid.

**Color:** Clear, yellow.

**Odor:** Sweet.

**Boiling Point:** 152°F (66.6°C)

**Melting Point:** Not determined.

**Specific Gravity:** 0.99

**Solubility:** Slight; reacts

**Vapor Density:** 3.94 (air = 1)

**Vapor Pressure:** 65 mmHg @68°F

**Percent Volatile:** 20

**Evaporation Rate:** >1 (butyl acetate = 1)

**pH:** 5 @ 5 Percent Solution

**Molecular Formula:** Mixture

**Molecular Weight:** Mixture

**Flash Point:** 24°F (-4.4°C)

**Flash Point Method:** Tag closed cup. (TCC)

**Lower Flammable/Explosive Limit:** 1.8%

**Upper Flammable/Explosive Limit:** 11.5%

**Auto Ignition Temperature:** 759.2°F (MEK)

**VOC Content:** 198 g/L

**9.2. Other information:**

**Percent Solids by Weight:** 80

### SECTION 10: STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

**Chemical Stability:** Stable under normal temperatures and pressures.

**Possibility of hazardous reactions:** Hazardous Polymerization: Polymerization may occur under certain conditions.

**Conditions to Avoid:**
- Extreme heat, sparks, and open flame.
- Incompatible materials, oxidizers and oxidizing conditions.
- Moisture and extended exposure over 85°F.

**Incompatible Materials:** Alcohols, amines, strong bases (alkali, ammonia), acids, metal compounds, moisture or water. Resin reacts with water to give off carbon dioxide.

### SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

**Butylated Hydroxytoluene (BHT):**

**Eye:** Administration into the eye - Rabbit Standard Draize test: 100 mg/24H [Moderate] (RTECS)

**Skin:** Administration onto the skin - Rat LD50 - Lethal dose, 50 percent kill: >2000 mg/kg [Details of toxic effects not reported other than lethal dose value] (RTECS)

**Ingestion:** Oral - Rat LD50 - Lethal dose, 50 percent kill: 890 mg/kg [Details of toxic effects not reported other than lethal dose value] (RTECS)

**Methyl ethyl ketone:**

**Eye:** Administration into the eye - Rabbit Standard Draize test: 80 mg [Not reported.] (RTECS)

**Skin:** Administration onto the skin - Rabbit LD50 - Lethal dose, 50 percent kill: 6480 mg/kg [Details of toxic effects not reported other than lethal dose value] (RTECS)
Inhalation: Inhalation - Rat LC50 - Lethal concentration, 50 percent kill: 23500 mg/m3/8H [Details of toxic effects not reported other than lethal dose value] (RTECS)

Ingestion: Oral - Rat LD50 - Lethal dose, 50 percent kill: 2737 mg/kg [Details of toxic effects not reported other than lethal dose value] (RTECS)

2,4 Toluene diisocyanate:

Eye: Administration into the eye - Rabbit Standard Draize test: 100 mg [Severe] (RTECS)

Skin: Administration onto the skin - Rabbit LD50 - Lethal dose, 50 percent kill: >16 mL/kg [Details of toxic effects not reported other than lethal dose value] (RTECS)

Inhalation: Inhalation - Rat LC50 - Lethal concentration, 50 percent kill: 14 ppm/4H [Sense Organs and Special Senses (Eye) - Lactation Behavioral - Excitement Lungs, Thorax, or Respiration - Dyspnea] Inhalation - Rat LC50 - Lethal concentration, 50 percent kill: 14 ppm/4H [Details of toxic effects not reported other than lethal dose value] (RTECS)

Ingestion: Oral - Rat LD50 - Lethal dose, 50 percent kill: 5800 mg/kg [Gastrointestinal - Other changes] (RTECS)

Dicyclohexylmethane-4,4'-diisocyanate:

Eye: Administration into the eye - Rabbit Standard Draize test: 100 µL [Mild] Administration into the eye - Rabbit Standard Draize test: 100 µL/24H [Severe] (RTECS)

Ingestion: Oral - Rat LD50 - Lethal dose, 50 percent kill: 9900 mg/kg [Behavioral - Food intake (animal) Gastrointestinal - Hypermotility, diarrhea Liver - Other changes] (RTECS)

4,4'-Diphenylmethane diisocyanate:

Eye: Administration into the eye - Rabbit Standard Draize test: 100 mg [Moderate] (RTECS)

Inhalation: Inhalation - Rat LC50 - Lethal concentration, 50 percent kill: 178 mg/m3 [Details of toxic effects not reported other than lethal dose value] (RTECS)

Ingestion: Oral - Rat LD50 - Lethal dose, 50 percent kill: 9200 mg/kg [Behavioral - Somnolence (general depressed activity) Behavioral - Ataxia Nutritional and Gross Metabolic - Body temperature decrease] (RTECS)

SECTION 12 : ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ecotoxicity:

Ecotoxicity: No ecotoxicity data was found for the product.

Environmental Fate: No environmental information found for this product.

SECTION 13 : DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Description of waste:

Waste Disposal: Consult with the US EPA Guidelines listed in 40 CFR Part 261.3 for the classifications of hazardous waste prior to disposal. Furthermore, consult with your state and local waste requirements or guidelines, if applicable, to ensure compliance. Arrange disposal in accordance to the EPA and/or state and local guidelines.

RCRA Number: D001, D035

Important Disposal Information: DANGER! Rags, steel wool and waste soaked with this product may spontaneously catch fire if improperly discarded or stored. To avoid a spontaneous combustion fire, immediately after use, place rags, steel wool or waste in a sealed, water-filled, metal container.

SECTION 14 : TRANSPORT INFORMATION

DOT Shipping Name: Refer to Bill of Lading

DOT UN Number: Refer to Bill of Lading

IATA Shipping Name: Refer to Bill of Lading

IATA UN Number: Refer to Bill of Lading

IMDG UN Number: Refer to Bill of Lading

IMDG Shipping Name: Refer to Bill of Lading

SECTION 15 : REGULATORY INFORMATION

Safety, health and environmental regulations specific for the product:

Butylated Hydroxytoluene (BHT):

TSCA Inventory Status: Listed

Canada DSL: Listed

Methyl ethyl ketone:
WHMIS Pictograms:

TSCA Inventory Status: Listed

Section 302 EHS: EPCRA (SARA Title III) Section 302 (40 CFR Part 355) Extremely Hazardous Substances (EHS) Threshold Planning Quantity (TPQ) in pounds.: 500

Section 313: EPCRA - 40 CFR Part 372 - (SARA Title III) Section 313 Listed Chemical.

Canada DSL: Listed

2,4 Toluene diisocyanate:

Section 302 EHS: Listed

2,4 Toluene diisocyanate:

Section 313: Listed

Canada DSL: Listed

Dicyclohexylmethane-4,4'-diisocyanate:

Section 313: Listed

Canada DSL: Listed

4,4'-Diphenylmethane diisocyanate:

Section 313: Listed

Canada DSL: Listed

Canadian Regulations.

All components of this product are on the Canadian Domestic Substances List.

WHMIS Pictograms:

SECTION 16 : ADDITIONAL INFORMATION

HMIS Ratings:

HMIS Health Hazard: 3*
HMIS Fire Hazard: 3
HMIS Reactivity: 1
HMIS Personal Protection: X

SDS Revision Date: July 25, 2015
SDS Revision Notes: GHS Update
SDS Format: In accordance to OSHA GHS 1910.1200
SDS Author: Actio Corporation

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