SAFETY DATA SHEET

1. Identification

Product identifier **PLEXUS® MA2290 Adhesive**

Other means of identification

SKU# 22903

Recommended use Not available.

Recommended restrictions None known.

Manufacturer/Importer/Supplier/Distributor information

Company name ITW Performance Polymers

Address 35 Brownridge Rd
Unit 1
Halton Hills, ON L7G 0C6

Contact person Customer Service

Telephone number 978-777-1100

Fax

E-mail

Emergency telephone number 800-424-9300

Supplier Not available.

2. Hazard identification

Physical hazards	Flammable liquids	Category 2
Health hazards	Skin corrosion/irritation	Category 2
	Serious eye damage/eye irritation	Category 1
	Sensitization, skin	Category 1
	Specific target organ toxicity following single exposure	Category 3 respiratory tract irritation

Environmental hazards Not classified.

Label elements

Signal word Danger

Hazard statement Highly flammable liquid and vapour. Causes skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction. Causes serious eye damage. May cause respiratory irritation.

Precautionary statement

Prevention Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Keep container tightly closed. Ground and bond container and receiving equipment. Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting equipment. Use non-sparking tools. Take action to prevent static discharges. Avoid breathing mist/vapours. Wash thoroughly after handling. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.

Response IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water. IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Immediately call a POISON CENTRE/doctor. If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/attention. Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse. In case of fire: Use appropriate media to extinguish.

Storage	Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool. Store locked up.
Disposal	Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.
Supplemental information	None.
Other hazards	Static accumulating flammable liquid can become electrostatically charged even in bonded and grounded equipment. Sparks may ignite liquid and vapour. May cause flash fire or explosion.

3. Composition/information on ingredients

Mixtures

Chemical name	Common name and synonyms	CAS number	%
Methyl methacrylate		80-62-6	40 - < 50
Benzyl 3-isobutyryloxy-1-isopropyl-2,2-dim ethylpropyl Phthalate		16883-83-3	5 - < 10
Ethoxylated bisphenol A dimethacrylate		41637-38-1	1 - < 3
Methacrylic acid		79-41-4	1 - < 3
Paraffin wax		8002-74-2	1 - < 3
N,N-DIETHYLAMINOETHYL METHACRYLATE		105-16-8	< 0.3
Ethylene glycol		107-21-1	< 0.2
Other components below reportable levels			40 - < 50

All concentrations are in percent by weight unless ingredient is a gas. Gas concentrations are in percent by volume.

4. First-aid measures

Inhalation	Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Call a poison centre or doctor/physician if you feel unwell.
Skin contact	Remove contaminated clothing immediately and wash skin with soap and water. In case of eczema or other skin disorders: Seek medical attention and take along these instructions. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.
Eye contact	Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Get medical attention immediately.
Ingestion	Rinse mouth. Get medical attention if symptoms occur.
Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed	Severe eye irritation. Symptoms may include stinging, tearing, redness, swelling, and blurred vision. Permanent eye damage including blindness could result. May cause respiratory irritation. Skin irritation. May cause redness and pain. May cause an allergic skin reaction. Dermatitis. Rash.
Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed	Provide general supportive measures and treat symptomatically. Thermal burns: Flush with water immediately. While flushing, remove clothes which do not adhere to affected area. Call an ambulance. Continue flushing during transport to hospital. Keep victim under observation. Symptoms may be delayed.
General information	Take off all contaminated clothing immediately. If you feel unwell, seek medical advice (show the label where possible). Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s) involved, and take precautions to protect themselves. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

5. Fire-fighting measures

Suitable extinguishing media	Water fog. Foam. Carbon dioxide (CO2). Dry chemical powder, carbon dioxide, sand or earth may be used for small fires only.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	Do not use water jet as an extinguisher, as this will spread the fire.
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	Vapours may form explosive mixtures with air. Vapours may travel considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash back. This product is a poor conductor of electricity and can become electrostatically charged. If sufficient charge is accumulated, ignition of flammable mixtures can occur. To reduce potential for static discharge, use proper bonding and grounding procedures. This liquid may accumulate static electricity when filling properly grounded containers. Static electricity accumulation may be significantly increased by the presence of small quantities of water or other contaminants. Material will float and may ignite on surface of water. During fire, gases hazardous to health may be formed.
Special protective equipment and precautions for firefighters	Self-contained breathing apparatus and full protective clothing must be worn in case of fire.

Fire fighting equipment/instructions	In case of fire and/or explosion do not breathe fumes. Move containers from fire area if you can do so without risk.
Specific methods	Use standard firefighting procedures and consider the hazards of other involved materials.
General fire hazards	Highly flammable liquid and vapour.

6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures	Keep unnecessary personnel away. Keep people away from and upwind of spill/leak. Eliminate all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks, or flames in immediate area). Wear appropriate protective equipment and clothing during clean-up. Avoid breathing mist/vapours. Do not touch damaged containers or spilled material unless wearing appropriate protective clothing. Ventilate closed spaces before entering them. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. Transfer by mechanical means such as vacuum truck to a salvage tank or other suitable container for recovery or safe disposal. Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained. For personal protection, see section 8 of the SDS.
Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up	Eliminate all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks, or flames in immediate area). Keep combustibles (wood, paper, oil etc) away from spilled material. Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Use only non-sparking tools. Large Spills: Stop the flow of material, if this is without risk. Dike the spilled material, where this is possible. Use a non-combustible material like vermiculite, sand or earth to soak up the product and place into a container for later disposal. Following product recovery, flush area with water. Small Spills: Absorb with earth, sand or other non-combustible material and transfer to containers for later disposal. Wipe up with absorbent material (e.g. cloth, fleece). Clean surface thoroughly to remove residual contamination. Never return spills to original containers for re-use. For waste disposal, see section 13 of the SDS.
Environmental precautions	Avoid discharge into drains, water courses or onto the ground. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling	Do not handle, store or open near an open flame, sources of heat or sources of ignition. Protect material from direct sunlight. When using do not smoke. Explosion-proof general and local exhaust ventilation. Minimize fire risks from flammable and combustible materials (including combustible dust and static accumulating liquids) or dangerous reactions with incompatible materials. Handling operations that can promote accumulation of static charges include but are not limited to: mixing, filtering, pumping at high flow rates, splash filling, creating mists or sprays, tank and container filling, tank cleaning, sampling, gauging, switch loading, vacuum truck operations. Take precautionary measures against static discharges. All equipment used when handling the product must be grounded. Use non-sparking tools and explosion-proof equipment. Do not get this material in contact with eyes. Avoid breathing mist/vapours. Avoid contact with eyes, skin, and clothing. Avoid prolonged exposure. Wear appropriate personal protective equipment. Observe good industrial hygiene practices. For additional information on equipment bonding and grounding, refer to the Canadian Electrical Code in Canada, (CSA C22.1), or the American Petroleum Institute (API) Recommended Practice 2003, "Protection Against Ignitions Arising out of Static, Lightning, and Stray Currents" or National Fire Protection Association (NFPA) 77, "Recommended Practice on Static Electricity" or National Fire Protection Association (NFPA) 70, "National Electrical Code".
Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities	Store locked up. Keep away from heat, sparks and open flame. Prevent electrostatic charge build-up by using common bonding and grounding techniques. Eliminate sources of ignition. Avoid spark promoters. Ground/bond container and equipment. These alone may be insufficient to remove static electricity. Store in a cool, dry place out of direct sunlight. Store in tightly closed container. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep in an area equipped with sprinklers. Store away from incompatible materials (see Section 10 of the SDS).

8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Occupational exposure limits

US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (TLV)

Components	Type	Value	Form
Ethylene glycol (CAS 107-21-1)	STEL	10 mg/m3	Aerosol, inhalable.
		50 ppm	Vapor fraction
	TWA	25 ppm	Vapor fraction

US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (TLV)

Components	Type	Value	Form
Methacrylic acid (CAS 79-41-4)	TWA	20 ppm	
Methyl methacrylate (CAS 80-62-6)	STEL	100 ppm	
	TWA	50 ppm	
Paraffin wax (CAS 8002-74-2)	TWA	2 mg/m3	Fume.

Canada. Alberta OELs (Occupational Health & Safety Code, Schedule 1, Table 2), as amended

Components	Type	Value	Form
Ethylene glycol (CAS 107-21-1)	Ceiling	100 mg/m3	
Methacrylic acid (CAS 79-41-4)	TWA	70 mg/m3	
		20 ppm	
Methyl methacrylate (CAS 80-62-6)	STEL	410 mg/m3	
		100 ppm	
	TWA	205 mg/m3	
		50 ppm	
Paraffin wax (CAS 8002-74-2)	TWA	2 mg/m3	Fume.

Canada. British Columbia OELs. (Occupational Exposure Limits for Chemical Substances, Occupational Health and Safety Regulation 296/97, as amended)

Components	Type	Value	Form
Ethylene glycol (CAS 107-21-1)	Ceiling	100 mg/m3	Aerosol
		50 ppm	Vapour.
	STEL	20 mg/m3	Particulate.
	TWA	10 mg/m3	Particulate.
Methacrylic acid (CAS 79-41-4)	TWA	20 ppm	
Methyl methacrylate (CAS 80-62-6)	STEL	100 ppm	
	TWA	50 ppm	
Paraffin wax (CAS 8002-74-2)	TWA	2 mg/m3	Fume.

Canada. Manitoba OELs (Reg. 217/2006, The Workplace Safety And Health Act), as amended

Components	Type	Value	Form
Ethylene glycol (CAS 107-21-1)	STEL	10 mg/m3	Aerosol, inhalable.
		50 ppm	Vapor fraction
	TWA	25 ppm	Vapor fraction
Methacrylic acid (CAS 79-41-4)	TWA	20 ppm	
Methyl methacrylate (CAS 80-62-6)	STEL	100 ppm	
	TWA	50 ppm	
Paraffin wax (CAS 8002-74-2)	TWA	2 mg/m3	Fume.

Canada. New Brunswick OELs: Threshold Limit Values (TLVs) Based on the 1991 and 1997 ACGIH TLVs and BEIs Publication (New Brunswick Regulation 91-191)

Components	Type	Value	Form
Ethylene glycol (CAS 107-21-1)	Ceiling	100 mg/m3	Aerosol
Methacrylic acid (CAS 79-41-4)	TWA	70 mg/m3	
		20 ppm	
Methyl methacrylate (CAS 80-62-6)	TWA	410 mg/m3	
		100 ppm	
Paraffin wax (CAS 8002-74-2)	TWA	2 mg/m3	

Canada. Ontario OELs. (Control of Exposure to Biological or Chemical Agents), as amended

Components	Type	Value	Form
Ethylene glycol (CAS 107-21-1)	STEL	10 mg/m3	Aerosol, inhalable.
Methacrylic acid (CAS 79-41-4)	TWA	20 ppm	
Methyl methacrylate (CAS 80-62-6)	STEL	100 ppm	
	TWA	50 ppm	
Paraffin wax (CAS 8002-74-2)	TWA	2 mg/m3	Fume.

Canada. Quebec OELs. (Ministry of Labor - Regulation respecting occupational health and safety), as amended

Components	Type	Value	Form
Ethylene glycol (CAS 107-21-1)	Ceiling	127 mg/m3	Vapor and mist.
		50 ppm	Vapor and mist.
Methacrylic acid (CAS 79-41-4)	TWA	70 mg/m3	
		20 ppm	
Methyl methacrylate (CAS 80-62-6)	STEL	100 ppm	
	TWA	50 ppm	
Paraffin wax (CAS 8002-74-2)	TWA	2 mg/m3	Fume.

Canada. Saskatchewan OELs (Occupational Health and Safety Regulations, 1996, Table 21), as amended

Components	Type	Value	Form
Ethylene glycol (CAS 107-21-1)	Ceiling	100 mg/m3	Aerosol
Methacrylic acid (CAS 79-41-4)	15 minute	30 ppm	
	8 hour	20 ppm	
Methyl methacrylate (CAS 80-62-6)	15 minute	100 ppm	
	8 hour	50 ppm	
Paraffin wax (CAS 8002-74-2)	15 minute	4 mg/m3	Fume.

Biological limit values No biological exposure limits noted for the ingredient(s).

Appropriate engineering controls Explosion-proof general and local exhaust ventilation. Good general ventilation should be used. Ventilation rates should be matched to conditions. If applicable, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation, or other engineering controls to maintain airborne levels below recommended exposure limits. If exposure limits have not been established, maintain airborne levels to an acceptable level. Provide eyewash station and safety shower.

Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

Eye/face protection	Chemical respirator with organic vapour cartridge and full facepiece.
Skin protection	
Hand protection	Wear appropriate chemical resistant gloves.
Other	Wear appropriate chemical resistant clothing.
Respiratory protection	Chemical respirator with organic vapour cartridge and full facepiece.
Thermal hazards	Wear appropriate thermal protective clothing, when necessary.
General hygiene considerations	When using do not smoke. Always observe good personal hygiene measures, such as washing after handling the material and before eating, drinking, and/or smoking. Routinely wash work clothing and protective equipment to remove contaminants. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace.

9. Physical and chemical properties

Appearance	Paste.
Physical state	Liquid.
Form	Paste.
Colour	Tan.
Odour	Not available.
Odour threshold	Not available.
pH	> 5 - < 6
Melting point/freezing point	-48 °C (-54.4 °F) estimated
Initial boiling point and boiling range	100.5 °C (212.9 °F) estimated
Flash point	10.0 °C (50.0 °F) estimated
Evaporation rate	Not available.
Flammability (solid, gas)	Not applicable.
Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits	
Explosive limit - lower (%)	2.1 % estimated
Explosive limit – upper (%)	8.2 % estimated
Vapour pressure	45.13 hPa estimated
Vapour density	Not available.
Relative density	Not available.
Solubility(ies)	
Solubility (water)	Not available.
Partition coefficient (n-octanol/water)	Not available.
Auto-ignition temperature	435 °C (815 °F) estimated
Decomposition temperature	Not available.
Viscosity	Not available.
Other information	
Density	0.94 g/cm3 estimated
Explosive properties	Not explosive.
Flammability class	Flammable IB estimated
Oxidising properties	Not oxidising.
Specific gravity	0.94 estimated

10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity	The product is stable and non-reactive under normal conditions of use, storage and transport.
Chemical stability	Material is stable under normal conditions.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	Hazardous polymerisation does not occur.

Conditions to avoid Avoid heat, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. Avoid temperatures exceeding the flash point. Contact with incompatible materials.

Incompatible materials Strong oxidising agents. Nitrates. Peroxides.

Hazardous decomposition products No hazardous decomposition products are known.

11. Toxicological information

Information on likely routes of exposure

Inhalation May cause irritation to the respiratory system. Prolonged inhalation may be harmful.

Skin contact Causes skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Eye contact Causes serious eye damage.

Ingestion Expected to be a low ingestion hazard.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics Severe eye irritation. Symptoms may include stinging, tearing, redness, swelling, and blurred vision. Permanent eye damage including blindness could result. May cause respiratory irritation. Skin irritation. May cause redness and pain. May cause an allergic skin reaction. Dermatitis. Rash.

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity Not known.

Components	Species	Test Results
Ethylene glycol (CAS 107-21-1)		
Acute		
Dermal		
LD50	Rabbit	9530 mg/kg
Methyl methacrylate (CAS 80-62-6)		
Acute		
Oral		
LD50	Rat	7800 mg/kg
N,N-DIETHYLAMINOETHYL METHACRYLATE (CAS 105-16-8)		
Acute		
Oral		
LD50	Rat	4696 mg/kg

Skin corrosion/irritation Causes skin irritation.

Serious eye damage/eye irritation Causes serious eye damage.

Respiratory or skin sensitisation

ACGIH sensitisation

Methyl methacrylate (CAS 80-62-6)	Dermal sensitisation

Canada - Alberta OELs: Irritant

Ethylene glycol (CAS 107-21-1)	Irritant
Methacrylic acid (CAS 79-41-4)	Irritant

Canada - Manitoba OELs Hazard: Dermal sensitization

Methyl methacrylate (CAS 80-62-6)	Dermal sensitisation

Canada - Quebec OELs: Sensitizer

Methyl methacrylate (CAS 80-62-6)	Sensitiser.

Canada - Saskatchewan OELs Hazard Data: Sensitiser

Methyl methacrylate (CAS 80-62-6)	Sensitiser.

Respiratory sensitisation Not a respiratory sensitiser.

Skin sensitisation May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Germ cell mutagenicity No data available to indicate product or any components present at greater than 0.1% are mutagenic or genotoxic.

Carcinogenicity

ACGIH Carcinogens

Ethylene glycol (CAS 107-21-1)	A4 Not classifiable as a human carcinogen.

Methyl methacrylate (CAS 80-62-6)	A4 Not classifiable as a human carcinogen.

Canada - Manitoba OELs: carcinogenicity

Ethylene glycol (CAS 107-21-1)	Not classifiable as a human carcinogen.
Methyl methacrylate (CAS 80-62-6)	Not classifiable as a human carcinogen.

IARC Monographs. Overall Evaluation of Carcinogenicity

Methyl methacrylate (CAS 80-62-6)	3 Not classifiable as to carcinogenicity to humans.

Reproductive toxicity This product is not expected to cause reproductive or developmental effects.

Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure May cause respiratory irritation.

Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure Not classified.

Aspiration hazard Not an aspiration hazard.

Chronic effects Prolonged inhalation may be harmful.

12. Ecological information

Ecotoxicity The product is not classified as environmentally hazardous. However, this does not exclude the possibility that large or frequent spills can have a harmful or damaging effect on the environment.

Persistence and degradability No data is available on the degradability of any ingredients in the mixture.

Bioaccumulative potential

Partition coefficient n-octanol / water (log Kow)

Ethylene glycol	-1.36
Methacrylic acid	0.93
Methyl methacrylate	1.38
N,N-DIETHYLAMINOETHYL METHACRYLATE	1.95

Mobility in soil No data available.

Other adverse effects The product contains volatile organic compounds which have a photochemical ozone creation potential.

13. Disposal considerations

Disposal instructions Collect and reclaim or dispose in sealed containers at licensed waste disposal site. Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.

Local disposal regulations Dispose in accordance with all applicable regulations.

Hazardous waste code The waste code should be assigned in discussion between the user, the producer and the waste disposal company.

Waste from residues / unused products Dispose of in accordance with local regulations. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe manner (see: Disposal instructions).

Contaminated packaging Since emptied containers may retain product residue, follow label warnings even after container is emptied. Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste handling site for recycling or disposal.

14. Transport information

TDG

UN number UN1133
UN proper shipping name ADHESIVES containing flammable liquid
Transport hazard class(es)
Class 3
Subsidiary risk -
Packing group II
Environmental hazards No.
Special precautions for user Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.

IATA

UN number UN1133
UN proper shipping name Adhesives containing flammable liquid
Transport hazard class(es)
Class 3
Subsidiary risk -
Packing group II

Environmental hazards	No.
ERG Code	3L
Special precautions for user	Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.
Other information	
Passenger and cargo aircraft	Allowed with restrictions.
Cargo aircraft only	Allowed with restrictions.

IMDG

UN number	UN1133
UN proper shipping name	ADHESIVES containing flammable liquid
Transport hazard class(es)	
Class	3
Subsidiary risk	-
Packing group	II
Environmental hazards	
Marine pollutant	No.
EmS	F-E, S-D
Special precautions for user	Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.

Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code Not established.

IATA; IMDG; TDG

15. Regulatory information

Canadian regulations This product has been classified in accordance with the hazard criteria of the HPR and the SDS contains all the information required by the HPR.

Controlled Drugs and Substances Act

Not regulated.

Export Control List (CEPA 1999, Schedule 3)

Not listed.

Greenhouse Gases

Not listed.

Precursor Control Regulations

Not regulated.

International regulations

Stockholm Convention

Not applicable.

Rotterdam Convention

Not applicable.

Kyoto Protocol

Not applicable.

Montreal Protocol

Not applicable.

Basel Convention

Not applicable.

International Inventories

Country(s) or region	Inventory name	On inventory (yes/no)*
Australia	Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals (AICIS)	No
Canada	Domestic Substances List (DSL)	Yes
Canada	Non-Domestic Substances List (NDSL)	No
China	Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China (IECSC)	Yes
Europe	European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances (EINECS)	No
Europe	European List of Notified Chemical Substances (ELINCS)	No
Japan	Inventory of Existing and New Chemical Substances (ENCS)	No
Korea	Existing Chemicals List (ECL)	No
New Zealand	New Zealand Inventory	No
Philippines	Philippine Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances (PICCS)	No
Taiwan	Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory (TCSI)	Yes
United States & Puerto Rico	Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) Inventory	Yes

*A "Yes" indicates that all components of this product comply with the inventory requirements administered by the governing country(s)
A "No" indicates that one or more components of the product are not listed or exempt from listing on the inventory administered by the governing country(s).

16. Other information

Issue date 16-July-2019

Revision date 20-July-2023

Version No. 04

Disclaimer ITW Performance Polymers cannot anticipate all conditions under which this information and its product, or the products of other manufacturers in combination with its product, may be used. It is the user's responsibility to ensure safe conditions for handling, storage and disposal of the product, and to assume liability for loss, injury, damage or expense due to improper use. The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release.

Revision information This document has undergone significant changes and should be reviewed in its entirety.