SAFETY DATA SHEET

1. Identification

Product identifier DEVCON® Flexane® High Performance Putty Resin

Other means of identification

6639N SKU#

Recommended use Not available. **Recommended restrictions** None known.

Manufacturer/Importer/Supplier/Distributor information

ITW Performance Polymers Company name

Address 35 Brownridge Rd

Unit 1

Halton Hills, ON L7G 0C6

Customer Service Contact person 978-777-1100 Telephone number

Fax E-mail

Emergency telephone

number

800-424-9300

Not available. **Supplier**

2. Hazard identification

Physical hazards Flammable liquids Category 2 **Health hazards** Skin corrosion/irritation Category 2 Serious eye damage/eye irritation Category 2 Sensitization, respiratory Category 1 Sensitization, skin Category 1

> Reproductive toxicity Category 2

Specific target organ toxicity following single

Carcinogenicity

exposure

Category 2

Category 3 respiratory tract irritation

Category 3 narcotic effects

Specific target organ toxicity following single exposure

Specific target organ toxicity following

Category 2

repeated exposure

Environmental hazards

Not classified.

Label elements



Signal word Danger

Hazard statement Highly flammable liquid and vapour. Causes skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Causes serious eye irritation. May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled. May cause respiratory irritation. May cause drowsiness or dizziness. Suspected of causing cancer. Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child. May cause damage to organs

through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Precautionary statement

Prevention

Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Keep container tightly closed. Ground and bond container and receiving equipment. Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting equipment. Use non-sparking tools. Take action to prevent static discharges. Do not breathe mist/vapours. Wash thoroughly after handling. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection. Wear respiratory protection.

Response

IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water. IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention. If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/attention. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention. If experiencing respiratory symptoms: Call a POISON CENTRE/doctor. Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse. In case of fire: Use appropriate media to extinguish.

Storage

Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool. Store locked up.

Disposal

Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.

Supplemental information

20 % of the mixture consists of component(s) of unknown acute inhalation toxicity.

Other hazards

Static accumulating flammable liquid can become electrostatically charged even in bonded and grounded equipment. Sparks may ignite liquid and vapour. May cause flash fire or explosion.

3. Composition/information on ingredients

Mixtures

Chemical name	Common name and synonyms	CAS number	%
Polyurethane prepolymer		N/A	70 - < 80
Methyl Ethyl Ketone (MEK)		78-93-3	10 - 20
Phenol, 2,6-bis(1,1-dimethylethyl)-4-methyl-		128-37-0	3 - < 5
4,4'-Methylenedicyclohexyl diisocyanate		5124-30-1	1 - 5
4,4'-methylenediphenyl diisocyanate		101-68-8	1 - 5
Toluene Diisocyanate (tdi)		584-84-9	1 - 5

All concentrations are in percent by weight unless ingredient is a gas. Gas concentrations are in percent by volume.

4. First-aid measures

Inhalation

Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Oxygen or artificial respiration if needed. Do not use mouth-to-mouth method if victim inhaled the substance. Induce artificial respiration with the aid of a pocket mask equipped with a one-way valve or other proper respiratory medical device. If experiencing respiratory symptoms: call a poison centre or doctor / physician.

Skin contact

Remove contaminated clothing immediately and wash skin with soap and water. In case of eczema or other skin disorders: Seek medical attention and take along these instructions. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

Eye contact

Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Get medical attention if irritation develops and persists.

Ingestion

Rinse mouth. Get medical attention if symptoms occur.

Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

May cause drowsiness or dizziness. Headache. Nausea, vomiting. Severe eye irritation. Symptoms may include stinging, tearing, redness, swelling, and blurred vision. May cause respiratory irritation. Difficulty in breathing. Skin irritation. May cause redness and pain. May cause an allergic skin reaction. Dermatitis. Rash. Prolonged exposure may cause chronic effects.

Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Provide general supportive measures and treat symptomatically. Thermal burns: Flush with water immediately. While flushing, remove clothes which do not adhere to affected area. Call an ambulance. Continue flushing during transport to hospital. Keep victim under observation. Symptoms may be delayed.

General information

Take off all contaminated clothing immediately. IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention. If you feel unwell, seek medical advice (show the label where possible). Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s) involved, and take precautions to protect themselves. Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

5. Fire-fighting measures

Suitable extinguishing media

Water fog. Foam. Carbon dioxide (CO2). Dry chemical powder, carbon dioxide, sand or earth may be used for small fires only.

Unsuitable extinguishing media

Water. Do not use water jet as an extinguisher, as this will spread the fire.

Specific hazards arising from the chemical

Vapours may form explosive mixtures with air. Vapours may travel considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash back. This product is a poor conductor of electricity and can become electrostatically charged. If sufficient charge is accumulated, ignition of flammable mixtures can occur. To reduce potential for static discharge, use proper bonding and grounding procedures. This liquid may accumulate static electricity when filling properly grounded containers. Static electricity accumulation may be significantly increased by the presence of small quantities of water or other contaminants. Material will float and may ignite on surface of water. During fire, gases hazardous to health may be formed.

Special protective equipment and precautions for firefighters

Self-contained breathing apparatus and full protective clothing must be worn in case of fire.

Fire fighting equipment/instructions

General fire hazards

In case of fire and/or explosion do not breathe fumes. Move containers from fire area if you can do so without risk.

Specific methods Use standard

Use standard firefighting procedures and consider the hazards of other involved materials.

Highly flammable liquid and vapour.

6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures Keep unnecessary personnel away. Keep people away from and upwind of spill/leak. Eliminate all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks, or flames in immediate area). Wear appropriate protective equipment and clothing during clean-up. Do not breathe mist/vapours. Do not touch damaged containers or spilled material unless wearing appropriate protective clothing. Ventilate closed spaces before entering them. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. Transfer by mechanical means such as vacuum truck to a salvage tank or other suitable container for recovery or safe disposal. Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained. For personal protection, see section 8 of the SDS.

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Eliminate all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks, or flames in immediate area). Keep combustibles (wood, paper, oil etc) away from spilled material. Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Use only non-sparking tools.

Large Spills: Stop the flow of material, if this is without risk. Dike the spilled material, where this is possible. Use a non-combustible material like vermiculite, sand or earth to soak up the product and place into a container for later disposal. Following product recovery, flush area with water.

Small Spills: Absorb with earth, sand or other non-combustible material and transfer to containers for later disposal. Wipe up with absorbent material (e.g. cloth, fleece). Clean surface thoroughly to remove residual contamination.

Never return spills to original containers for re-use. Put material in suitable, covered, labeled containers. For waste disposal, see section 13 of the SDS.

Environmental precautions

Avoid discharge into drains, water courses or onto the ground. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not handle, store or open near an open flame, sources of heat or sources of ignition. Protect material from direct sunlight. When using do not smoke. Explosion-proof general and local exhaust ventilation. Minimize fire risks from flammable and combustible materials (including combustible dust and static accumulating liquids) or dangerous reactions with incompatible materials. Handling operations that can promote accumulation of static charges include but are not limited to: mixing, filtering, pumping at high flow rates, splash filling, creating mists or sprays, tank and container filling, tank cleaning, sampling, gauging, switch loading, vacuum truck operations. Take precautionary measures against static discharges. All equipment used when handling the product must be grounded. Use non-sparking tools and explosion-proof equipment. Do not breathe mist/vapours. Avoid contact with eyes, skin, and clothing. Avoid prolonged exposure. Pregnant or breastfeeding women must not handle this product. Should be handled in closed systems, if possible. Wear appropriate personal protective equipment. Observe good industrial hygiene practices.

For additional information on equipment bonding and grounding, refer to the Canadian Electrical Code in Canada, (CSA C22.1), or the American Petroleum Institute (API) Recommended Practice 2003, "Protection Against Ignitions Arising out of Static, Lightning, and Stray Currents" or National Fire Protection Association (NFPA) 77, "Recommended Practice on Static Electricity" or National Fire Protection Association (NFPA) 70, "National Electrical Code".

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store locked up. Keep away from heat, sparks and open flame. Prevent electrostatic charge build-up by using common bonding and grounding techniques. Eliminate sources of ignition. Avoid spark promoters. Ground/bond container and equipment. These alone may be insufficient to remove static electricity. Store in a cool, dry place out of direct sunlight. Store in tightly closed container. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep in an area equipped with sprinklers. Store away from incompatible materials (see Section 10 of the SDS).

8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Occupational exposure limits

US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values (TLV	US.	ACGIH	Threshold	Limit Valu	ues (TLV)
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Components	Туре	Value	Form
4,4'-Methylenedicyclohexyl diisocyanate (CAS 5124-30-1)	TWA	0.005 ppm	
4,4'-methylenediphenyl diisocyanate (CAS 101-68-8)	TWA	0.005 ppm	
Methyl Ethyl Ketone (MEK) (CAS 78-93-3)	STEL	300 ppm	
	TWA	200 ppm	
Phenol, 2,6-bis(1,1-dimethylethyl)-4- methyl- (CAS 128-37-0)	TWA	2 mg/m3	Inhalable fraction and vapour.
Toluene Diisocyanate (tdi) (CAS 584-84-9)	STEL	0.005 ppm	Inhalable fraction and vapour.
	TWA	0.001 ppm	Inhalable fraction and vapour.

Canada. Alberta OELs (Occupational Health & Safety Code, Schedule 1, Table 2), as amended

Components	Туре	Value	
4,4'-Methylenedicyclohexyl diisocyanate (CAS 5124-30-1)	TWA	0.05 mg/m3	
		0.005 ppm	
4,4'-methylenediphenyl diisocyanate (CAS 101-68-8)	TWA	0.05 mg/m3	
		0.005 ppm	
Methyl Ethyl Ketone (MEK) (CAS 78-93-3)	STEL	885 mg/m3	

Components	Туре	Value	
		300 ppm	
	TWA	590 mg/m3	
		200 ppm	
Phenol, 2,6-bis(1,1-dimethylethyl)-4- methyl- (CAS 128-37-0)	TWA	10 mg/m3	
Toluene Diisocyanate (tdi) (CAS 584-84-9)	Ceiling	0.1 mg/m3	
		0.02 ppm	
	TWA	0.04 mg/m3	
		0.005 ppm	

Canada. British Columbia OELs. (Occupational Exposure Limits for Chemical Substances, Occupational Health and Safety Regulation 296/97, as amended)

Components	Туре	Value	Form
4,4'-Methylenedicyclohexyl diisocyanate (CAS 5124-30-1)	Ceiling	0.01 ppm	
	TWA	0.005 ppm	
4,4'-methylenediphenyl diisocyanate (CAS 101-68-8)	Ceiling	0.01 ppm	
	TWA	0.005 ppm	
Methyl Ethyl Ketone (MEK) (CAS 78-93-3)	STEL	100 ppm	
	TWA	50 ppm	
Phenol, 2,6-bis(1,1-dimethylethyl)-4- methyl- (CAS 128-37-0)	TWA	2 mg/m3	Vapor and aerosol, inhalable.
Toluene Diisocyanate (tdi) (CAS 584-84-9)	Ceiling	0.01 ppm	
	TWA	0.005 ppm	

Canada, Manitoba OFI's (Reg. 217/2006, The Workplace Safety And Health Act), as amended

Components	Туре	Value	Form
4,4'-Methylenedicyclohexyl diisocyanate (CAS 5124-30-1)	TWA	0.005 ppm	
4,4'-methylenediphenyl diisocyanate (CAS 101-68-8)	TWA	0.005 ppm	
Methyl Ethyl Ketone (MEK) (CAS 78-93-3)	STEL	300 ppm	
	TWA	200 ppm	
Phenol, 2,6-bis(1,1-dimethylethyl)-4- methyl- (CAS 128-37-0)	TWA	2 mg/m3	Inhalable fraction and vapour.
Toluene Diisocyanate (tdi) (CAS 584-84-9)	STEL	0.005 ppm	Inhalable fraction and vapour.
	TWA	0.001 ppm	Inhalable fraction and vapour.

Canada. New Brunswick OELs: Threshold Limit Values (TLVs) Based on the 1991 and 1997 ACGIH TLVs and BEIs Publication (New Brunswick Regulation 91-191)

Components	Туре	Value	
4,4'-Methylenedicyclohexyl diisocyanate (CAS 5124-30-1)	TWA	0.054 mg/m3	
		0.005 ppm	
4,4'-methylenediphenyl diisocyanate (CAS 101-68-8)	TWA	0.051 mg/m3	
,		0.005 ppm	
Methyl Ethyl Ketone (MEK) (CAS 78-93-3)	STEL	885 mg/m3	
		300 ppm	
	TWA	590 mg/m3	
		200 ppm	
Гoluene Diisocyanate (tdi) CAS 584-84-9)	STEL	0.14 mg/m3	
,		0.02 ppm	
	TWA	0.036 mg/m3	
		0.005 ppm	
Canada. Ontario OELs. (Control of Components	f Exposure to Biological or Ch Type	emical Agents), as amended Value	Form
1,4'-Methylenedicyclohexyl diisocyanate (CAS 5124-30-1)	Ceiling	0.02 ppm	
	TWA	0.005 ppm	
1,4'-methylenediphenyl diisocyanate (CAS 101-68-8)	Ceiling	0.02 ppm	
,	TWA	0.005 ppm	
Methyl Ethyl Ketone (MEK) CAS 78-93-3)	STEL	300 ppm	
	TWA	200 ppm	
Phenol, 2,6-bis(1,1-dimethylethyl)-4- nethyl- (CAS 128-37-0)	TWA	2 mg/m3	Inhalable fraction and vapour.
Foluene Diisocyanate (tdi) CAS 584-84-9)	Ceiling	0.02 ppm	
	TWA	0.005 ppm	
Canada. Quebec OELs. (Ministry o Components	of Labor - Regulation respecti Type	ng occupational health and safe Value	ety), as amended Form
I,4'-Methylenedicyclohexyl liisocyanate (CAS 5124-30-1)	TWA	0.054 mg/m3	
		0.005 ppm	
1,4'-methylenediphenyl diisocyanate (CAS 101-68-8)	TWA	0.051 mg/m3	
,		0.005 ppm	
Methyl Ethyl Ketone (MEK) (CAS 78-93-3)	STEL	300 mg/m3	
		100 ppm	
	TWA	150 mg/m3	

Components	Туре	Value	Form
Phenol, 2,6-bis(1,1-dimethylethyl)-4- methyl- (CAS 128-37-0)	TWA	2 mg/m3	Inhalable fraction and vapour.
Toluene Diisocyanate (tdi) (CAS 584-84-9)	STEL	0.14 mg/m3	
		0.02 ppm	
	TWA	0.036 mg/m3	
		0.005 ppm	

Components	Туре	Value	Form
4,4'-Methylenedicyclohexyl diisocyanate (CAS 5124-30-1)	15 minute	0.015 ppm	
	8 hour	0.005 ppm	
4,4'-methylenediphenyl diisocyanate (CAS 101-68-8)	15 minute	0.015 ppm	
	8 hour	0.005 ppm	
Methyl Ethyl Ketone (MEK) (CAS 78-93-3)	15 minute	300 ppm	
	8 hour	200 ppm	
Phenol, 2,6-bis(1,1-dimethylethyl)-4- methyl- (CAS 128-37-0)	15 minute	4 mg/m3	Inhalable fraction and vapour.
Toluene Diisocyanate (tdi) (CAS 584-84-9)	15 minute	0.02 ppm	
	8 hour	0.005 ppm	

Biological limit values

ACGIH Biological Exposure Indices (BEI)

Components	Value	Determinant	Specimen	Sampling Time
Methyl Ethyl Ketone (MEK) (CAS 78-93-3)	2 mg/l	MEK	Urine	*
Toluene Diisocyanate (tdi) (CAS 584-84-9)	5 μg/g	Toluene diamine (sum of 2,4- and 2,6-isomers), with hydrolysis	Creatinine in urine	*

^{* -} For sampling details, please see the source document.

Exposure guidelines

Canada - British Columbia OELs: Skin designation

Toluene Diisocyanate (tdi) (CAS 584-84-9)

Can be absorbed through the skin.

Canada - Manitoba OELs: Skin designation

Toluene Diisocyanate (tdi) (CAS 584-84-9)

Danger of cutaneous absorption

US ACGIH Threshold Limit Values: Skin designation

Toluene Diisocyanate (tdi) (CAS 584-84-9)

Danger of cutaneous absorption

Appropriate engineering controls

Explosion-proof general and local exhaust ventilation. Good general ventilation should be used. Ventilation rates should be matched to conditions. If applicable, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation, or other engineering controls to maintain airborne levels below recommended exposure limits. If exposure limits have not been established, maintain airborne levels to an

acceptable level. Provide eyewash station and safety shower.

Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

Eye/face protection Chemical respirator with organic vapour cartridge and full facepiece.

Skin protection

Hand protection Wear appropriate chemical resistant gloves.

Other Wear appropriate chemical resistant clothing. Use of an impervious apron is recommended.

Respiratory protection Chemical respirator with organic vapour cartridge and full facepiece.

Thermal hazards Wear appropriate thermal protective clothing, when necessary.

General hygiene considerations

Observe any medical surveillance requirements. When using do not smoke. Always observe good personal hygiene measures, such as washing after handling the material and before eating, drinking, and/or smoking. Routinely wash work clothing and protective equipment to remove contaminants. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace.

9. Physical and chemical properties

Appearance Liquid.
Physical state Liquid.
Form Liquid.

Colour Colourless to light yellow.

Odour Sweet.

Odour threshold Not available.
pH Not available.

Melting point/freezing point
Initial boiling point and boiling

range

-86.64 °C (-123.95 °F) estimated 79.59 °C (175.26 °F) estimated

Flash point -4.4 °C (24.0 °F)

Evaporation rate Not available.

Flammability (solid, gas) Not applicable.

Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits

Explosive limit - lower (%) 1.8 % estimated
Explosive limit - upper 11.4 % estimated

(%)

Vapour pressure 120.8 hPa estimated

Vapour density Not available.

Relative density Not available.

Solubility(ies)

Solubility (water) Not available.

Partition coefficient Not available.

(n-octanol/water)

Auto-ignition temperature 505 °C (941 °F) estimated

Decomposition temperature Not available. **Viscosity** Not available.

Other information

Density 0.99 g/cm3 **Explosive properties** Not explosive.

Flammability class Flammable IB estimated

Oxidising properties Not oxidising.

Percent volatile 20 %

pH in aqueous solution 5 @ 5% solution

Specific gravity 0.99

10. Stability and reactivity

ReactivityThe product is stable and non-reactive under normal conditions of use, storage and transport.

Chemical stability Material is stable under normal conditions.

Possibility of hazardous Hazardous polymerisation does not occur.

reactions

Conditions to avoid Avoid heat, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. Avoid temperatures exceeding the

flash point. Contact with incompatible materials.

Incompatible materials Strong oxidising agents. Amines. Ammonia. Caustics. Isocyanates.

11. Toxicological information

Information on likely routes of exposure

Inhalation May cause drowsiness or dizziness. Headache. Nausea, vomiting. May cause irritation to the

respiratory system. May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled.

Prolonged inhalation may be harmful.

Skin contact Causes skin irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Eve contact Causes serious eye irritation.

Ingestion Expected to be a low ingestion hazard.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics May cause drowsiness or dizziness. Headache. Nausea, vomiting. Severe eye irritation. Symptoms may include stinging, tearing, redness, swelling, and blurred vision. May cause respiratory irritation. Difficulty in breathing. Skin irritation. May cause redness and pain. May

cause an allergic skin reaction. Dermatitis. Rash.

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity Not known.

Test Results Components **Species**

4,4'-Methylenedicyclohexyl diisocyanate (CAS 5124-30-1)

Acute

Dermal

Rabbit LD50 > 10000 mg/kg

Oral

LD50 Rat 1065 mg/kg

Methyl Ethyl Ketone (MEK) (CAS 78-93-3)

Acute

Dermal

LD50 Rabbit > 8000 mg/kg

Oral

LD50 Rat 2300 - 3500 mg/kg

Phenol, 2,6-bis(1,1-dimethylethyl)-4-methyl- (CAS 128-37-0)

Acute Dermal

LD50 Rat > 2000 mg/kg

Oral

LD50 Rat 890 mg/kg

Toluene Diisocyanate (tdi) (CAS 584-84-9)

Acute Oral

LD50 Rat 5800 mg/kg

Skin corrosion/irritation Causes skin irritation.

Serious eye damage/eye Causes serious eye irritation.

irritation

Respiratory or skin sensitisation

ACGIH sensitisation

Toluene-2,4-diisocyanate, inhalable fraction and vapor

(CAS 584-84-9)

Dermal sensitisation

Respiratory sensitisation

Canada - Alberta OELs: Irritant

Phenol. 2.6-bis(1.1-dimethylethyl)-4-methyl-Irritant

(CAS 128-37-0)

Canada - Manitoba OELs Hazard: Dermal sensitization

Toluene Diisocyanate (tdi) (CAS 584-84-9) Dermal sensitisation

Canada - Manitoba OELs Hazard: Respiratory sensitization

Toluene Diisocyanate (tdi) (CAS 584-84-9) Respiratory sensitisation

Canada - Quebec OELs: Sensitizer

4,4'-Methylenedicyclohexyl diisocyanate Sensitiser.

(CAS 5124-30-1)

4,4'-methylenediphenyl diisocyanate (CAS 101-68-8)

Toluene Diisocyanate (tdi) (CAS 584-84-9)

Sensitiser.

Sensitiser.

Canada - Saskatchewan OELs Hazard Data: Sensitiser

Toluene Diisocyanate (tdi) (CAS 584-84-9) Sensitiser.

Respiratory sensitisation May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled.

Skin sensitisation May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Germ cell mutagenicityNo data available to indicate product or any components present at greater than 0.1% are

mutagenic or genotoxic.

Carcinogenicity Suspected of causing cancer.

ACGIH Carcinogens

Phenol, 2,6-bis(1,1-dimethylethyl)-4-methyl- A4 Not classifiable as a human carcinogen.

(CAS 128-37-0)

Toluene Diisocyanate (tdi) (CAS 584-84-9)

A3 Confirmed animal carcinogen with unknown relevance to

humans.

Canada - Manitoba OELs: carcinogenicity

Phenol, 2,6-bis(1,1-dimethylethyl)-4-methyl- Not classifiable as a human carcinogen.

(CAS 128-37-0)

Toluene Diisocyanate (tdi) (CAS 584-84-9)

Confirmed animal carcinogen with unknown relevance to humans.

IARC Monographs. Overall Evaluation of Carcinogenicity

4,4'-methylenediphenyl diisocyanate (CAS 101-68-8)

3 Not classifiable as to carcinogenicity to humans.

3 Not classifiable as to carcinogenicity to humans.

(CAS 128-37-0)

Toluene Diisocyanate (tdi) (CAS 584-84-9)

2B Possibly carcinogenic to humans.

US. National Toxicology Program (NTP) Report on Carcinogens

Toluene Diisocyanate (tdi) (CAS 584-84-9)

Reasonably Anticipated to be a Human Carcinogen.

Reproductive toxicity Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child.

Specific target organ toxicity -

single exposure

May cause respiratory irritation. May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

Specific target organ toxicity -

repeated exposure

May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Aspiration hazard Not likely, due to the form of the product.

Chronic effects Prolonged inhalation may be harmful. May cause damage to organs through prolonged or

repeated exposure. Prolonged exposure may cause chronic effects.

12. Ecological information

EcotoxicityThe product is not classified as environmentally hazardous. However, this does not exclude the

possibility that large or frequent spills can have a harmful or damaging effect on the environment.

Persistence and degradability No data is available on the degradability of any ingredients in the mixture.

Bioaccumulative potential

Partition coefficient n-octanol / water (log Kow)

4,4'-methylenediphenyl diisocyanate5.22Methyl Ethyl Ketone (MEK)0.29Phenol, 2,6-bis(1,1-dimethylethyl)-4-methyl-5.1Toluene Diisocyanate (tdi)3.74

Mobility in soil No data available.

Other adverse effects No other adverse environmental effects (e.g. ozone depletion, photochemical ozone creation

potential, endocrine disruption, global warming potential) are expected from this component.

13. Disposal considerations

Disposal instructionsCollect and reclaim or dispose in sealed containers at licensed waste disposal site. Dispose of

contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.

Local disposal regulations Dispose in accordance with all applicable regulations.

Hazardous waste code The waste code should be assigned in discussion between the user, the producer and the waste

disposal company.

Waste from residues / unused

products

Dispose of in accordance with local regulations. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe manner (see:

Disposal instructions).

Contaminated packaging

Since emptied containers may retain product residue, follow label warnings even after container is emptied. Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste handling site for recycling or

disposal.

14. Transport information

TDG

UN number UN1866

UN proper shipping name

Transport hazard class(es)

3 Class Subsidiary risk Ш Packing group **Environmental hazards** No.

Special precautions for user Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.

IATA

UN number UN1866

UN proper shipping name Transport hazard class(es) Resin solution flammable, Limited Quantity

RESIN SOLUTION, flammable, Limited Quantity

Class 3 Subsidiary risk Packing group Ш **Environmental hazards** No. **ERG Code** 3L

Other information

Special precautions for user Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.

Passenger and cargo

aircraft

Allowed with restrictions.

Cargo aircraft only

Allowed with restrictions.

Not established.

IMDG

UN1866 **UN** number RESIN SOLUTION flammable, Limited Quantity

UN proper shipping name Transport hazard class(es)

Class 3 Subsidiary risk Packing group Ш **Environmental hazards**

Marine pollutant No. F-E, S-E **EmS**

Special precautions for user Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.

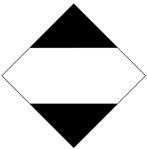
Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and

the IBC Code

IATA



IMDG; TDG



15. Regulatory information

Canadian regulations

This product has been classified in accordance with the hazard criteria of the HPR and the SDS contains all the information required by the HPR.

Controlled Drugs and Substances Act

Not regulated.

Export Control List (CEPA 1999, Schedule 3)

Not listed.

Greenhouse Gases

Not listed.

Precursor Control Regulations

Methyl Ethyl Ketone (MEK) (CAS 78-93-3)

Class B

International regulations

Stockholm Convention

Not applicable.

Rotterdam Convention

Not applicable.

Kyoto Protocol

Not applicable.

Montreal Protocol

Not applicable.

Basel Convention

Not applicable.

International Inventories

Country(s) or region	Inventory name On inventory	(yes/no)*
Australia	Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals (AICIS)	Yes
Canada	Domestic Substances List (DSL)	Yes
Canada	Non-Domestic Substances List (NDSL)	No
China	Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China (IECSC)	Yes
Europe	European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances (EINECS)	Yes
Europe	European List of Notified Chemical Substances (ELINCS)	No
Japan	Inventory of Existing and New Chemical Substances (ENCS)	Yes
Korea	Existing Chemicals List (ECL)	Yes
New Zealand	New Zealand Inventory	Yes
Philippines	Philippine Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances (PICCS)	Yes
Taiwan	Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory (TCSI)	Yes
United States & Puerto Rico	Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) Inventory	Yes
*A "Yes" indicates that all compor	nents of this product comply with the inventory requirements administered by the governing country(s))

A "No" indicates that one or more components of the product are not listed or exempt from listing on the inventory administered by the governing

16. Other information

country(s).

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product, or the products of other manufacturers in combination with its product, may be used. It is the user's responsibility to ensure safe conditions for handling, storage and disposal of the product, and to assume liability for loss, injury, damage or expense due to improper use. The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text. The information given is designed only as a guidance

for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release.

Revision information Physical & Chemical Properties: Multiple Properties