# SAFETY DATA SHEET

1. Identification			
Product identifier	Mazel Release Agent		
Other means of identification			
SKU#	X0155A		
Recommended use	Not available.		
Recommended restrictions	None known.		
Manufacturer/Importer/Supplier			
Company name	ITW Performance Polymers		
Address	35 Brownridge Rd		
	Unit 1		
	Halton Hills, ON L7G 0C6		
Contact person	Customer Service		
Telephone number	978-777-1100		
Fax			
E-mail			
Emergency telephone number	800-424-9300		
Supplier	Not available.		
2. Hazard identification			
Physical hazards	Flammable liquids	Category 3	
Health hazards	Acute toxicity, dermal	Category 4	
	Acute toxicity, inhalation	Category 4	
	Skin corrosion/irritation	Category 2	
Environmental hazards	Not classified.		
Label elements			
Signal word	Warning		
Hazard statement	Flammable liquid and vapour. Harmful in contact with skin. Causes skin irritation. Harmful if inhaled.		
Precautionary statement			
Prevention	Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Keep container tightly closed. Ground and bond container and receiving equipment. Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting equipment. Use non-sparking tools. Take action to prevent static discharges. Avoid breathing vapours. Wash thoroughly after handling. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.		
Response	IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water. IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Call a POISON CENTRE/doctor if you feel unwell. If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention. Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse. In case of fire: Use appropriate media to extinguish.		
Storage	Store in a well-ventilated place. Ke	ep cool.	
Disposal	Dispose of contents/container in a	ccordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.	
Supplemental information	None.		

Static accumulating flammable liquid can become electrostatically charged even in bonded and grounded equipment. Sparks may ignite liquid and vapour. May cause flash fire or explosion.

#### 3. Composition/information on ingredients

#### Mixtures

Chemical name	Common name and synonyms	CAS number	%
Xylene	XYLENE	1330-20-7	60-100%

Other components below reportable levels

All concentrations are in percent by weight unless ingredient is a gas. Gas concentrations are in percent by volume.

4. First-aid measures	
Inhalation	Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Oxygen or artificial respiration if needed. Call a poison centre or doctor/physician if you feel unwell.
Skin contact	Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower. Get medical advice/attention if you feel unwell. If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.
Eye contact	Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Get medical attention if irritation develops and persists.
Ingestion	Rinse mouth. Get medical advice/attention if you feel unwell.
Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed	Direct contact with eyes may cause temporary irritation. Skin irritation. May cause redness and pain.
Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed	Provide general supportive measures and treat symptomatically. Thermal burns: Flush with water immediately. While flushing, remove clothes which do not adhere to affected area. Call an ambulance. Continue flushing during transport to hospital. Keep victim warm. Keep victim under observation. Symptoms may be delayed.
General information	Take off all contaminated clothing immediately. Ensure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s) involved, and take precautions to protect themselves. Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.
5. Fire-fighting measures	
Suitable extinguishing media	Water fog. Foam. Carbon dioxide (CO2). Dry chemical powder, carbon dioxide, sand or earth may be used for small fires only.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	Do not use water jet as an extinguisher, as this will spread the fire.
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	Vapours may form explosive mixtures with air. Vapours may travel considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash back. This product is a poor conductor of electricity and can become electrostatically charged. If sufficient charge is accumulated, ignition of flammable mixtures can occur. To reduce potential for static discharge, use proper bonding and grounding procedures.

#### 6. Accidental release measures

Special protective equipment and precautions for firefighters

equipment/instructions Specific methods

General fire hazards

**Fire fighting** 

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures	Keep unnecessary personnel away. Keep people away from and upwind of spill/leak. Eliminate all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks, or flames in immediate area). Wear appropriate protective equipment and clothing during clean-up. Avoid inhalation of vapours and spray mists. Do not touch damaged containers or spilled material unless wearing appropriate protective clothing. Ventilate closed spaces before entering them. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. Transfer by mechanical means such as vacuum truck to a salvage tank or other suitable container for recovery or safe disposal. Local authorities should be advised if
	tank or other suitable container for recovery or safe disposal. Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained. For personal protection, see section 8 of the SDS.

hazardous to health may be formed.

Flammable liquid and vapour.

so without risk.

This liquid may accumulate static electricity when filling properly grounded containers. Static electricity accumulation may be significantly increased by the presence of small quantities of water or other contaminants. Material will float and may ignite on surface of water. During fire, gases

Self-contained breathing apparatus and full protective clothing must be worn in case of fire.

Use standard firefighting procedures and consider the hazards of other involved materials.

In case of fire and/or explosion do not breathe fumes. Move containers from fire area if you can do

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up	Eliminate all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks, or flames in immediate area). Keep combustibles (wood, paper, oil etc) away from spilled material. Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Use only non-sparking tools.
	Large Spills: Stop the flow of material, if this is without risk. Dike the spilled material, where this is possible. Use a non-combustible material like vermiculite, sand or earth to soak up the product and place into a container for later disposal. Following product recovery, flush area with water.
	Small Spills: Absorb with earth, sand or other non-combustible material and transfer to containers for later disposal. Wipe up with absorbent material (e.g. cloth, fleece). Clean surface thoroughly to remove residual contamination.
Environmental precautions	Never return spills to original containers for re-use. For waste disposal, see section 13 of the SDS. Avoid discharge into drains, water courses or onto the ground. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.
7. Handling and storage	
Precautions for safe handling	Do not handle, store or open near an open flame, sources of heat or sources of ignition. Protect material from direct sunlight. Explosion-proof general and local exhaust ventilation. Minimize fire risks from flammable and combustible materials (including combustible dust and static accumulating liquids) or dangerous reactions with incompatible materials. Handling operations that can promote accumulation of static charges include but are not limited to: mixing, filtering, pumping at high flow rates, splash filling, creating mists or sprays, tank and container filling, tank cleaning, sampling, gauging, switch loading, vacuum truck operations. Take precautionary measures against static discharges. All equipment used when handling the product must be grounded. Use non-sparking tools and explosion-proof equipment. Avoid inhalation of vapours and spray mists. Avoid contact with eyes, skin, and clothing. Avoid prolonged exposure. When using, do not eat, drink or smoke. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Wear appropriate personal protective equipment. Wash hands thoroughly after handling. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. Observe good industrial hygiene practices.
Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities	Fire Protection Association (NFPA) 70, "National Electrical Code". Keep away from heat, sparks and open flame. Prevent electrostatic charge build-up by using common bonding and grounding techniques. Eliminate sources of ignition. Avoid spark promoters. Ground/bond container and equipment. These alone may be insufficient to remove static electricity. Store in a cool, dry place out of direct sunlight. Store in tightly closed container. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep in an area equipped with sprinklers. Store away from incompatible
	materials (see Section 10 of the SDS).
8. Exposure controls/pers	ional protection
Occupational exposure limits	

Xylene (CAS 1330-20-7)	TWA	20 ppm
Canada. Alberta OELs (Occupatio Components	onal Health & Safety Code, Scl Type	hedule 1, Table 2), as amended Value
Xylene (CAS 1330-20-7)	STEL	651 mg/m3
		150 ppm
	TWA	434 mg/m3
		100 ppm

Components	Гуре	Value	
Xylene (CAS 1330-20-7)	STEL	150 ppm	
	TWA	100 ppm	

Canada. Manitoba OELs Components		ype	-	lue
Xylene (CAS 1330-20-7)	Т	WA	20	ppm
Canada. New Brunswick Publication (New Brunsw			used on the 199	1 and 1997 ACGIH TLVs and BEIs
Components	-	ype	Va	lue
Xylene (CAS 1330-20-7)	S	TEL	65	1 mg/m3
			15	0 ppm
	Т	WA	43	4 mg/m3
			10	0 ppm
Canada. Ontario OELs. ( Components	-	to Biological or Che ype		as amended Iue
Xylene (CAS 1330-20-7)	S	TEL	15	0 ppm
	Т	WA	10	0 ppm
Canada. Quebec OELs. ( Components	-	Regulation respecting		nealth and safety), as amended lue
Xylene (CAS 1330-20-7)	S	TEL	65	1 mg/m3
			15	0 ppm
	т	WA	43	4 mg/m3
			10	0 ppm
Canada. Saskatchewan (	DELs (Occupational	Health and Safety Re	equiations. 1996	5. Table 21). as amended
Components		уре	-	lue
Xylene (CAS 1330-20-7)	1	5 minute	15	0 ppm
	8	hour	10	0 ppm
logical limit values ACGIH Biological Expos	ure Indices (BEI)			
Components	Value	Determinant	Specimen	Sampling Time
Xylene (CAS 1330-20-7)	1.5 g/g	Methylhippuric acids	Creatinine in urine	*
* - For sampling details, pl				
propriate engineering htrols	Ventilation rates exhaust ventilat exposure limits.	should be matched to ion, or other engineeri	o conditions. If ap ng controls to ma e not been estab	Good general ventilation should be used. oplicable, use process enclosures, local aintain airborne levels below recommende lished, maintain airborne levels to an shower.
ividual protection measur Eye/face protection				ce shield is recommended.
Skin protection				
Hand protection	Wear appropriat	e chemical resistant g	loves.	
Other	Wear appropriat	e chemical resistant c	lothing. Use of a	n impervious apron is recommended.
Respiratory protection	limits (where ap	If engineering controls do not maintain airborne concentrations below recommended exposure limits (where applicable) or to an acceptable level (in countries where exposure limits have not been established), an approved respirator must be worn.		
Thermal hazards	Wear appropriat	te thermal protective c	lothing, when ne	cessary.
neral hygiene nsiderations	after handling th	When using do not smoke. Always observe good personal hygiene measures, such as washing after handling the material and before eating, drinking, and/or smoking. Routinely wash work clothing and protective equipment to remove contaminants.		
Physical and chemic	al properties			
pearance	Liquid.			

Physical state

Liquid.

Form	Liquid.
Colour	Clear. Blue
Odour	Slight. Pungent.
Odour threshold	Not available.
рН	Not available.
Melting point/freezing point	Not available.
Initial boiling point and boiling range	138 °C (280.4 °F)
Flash point	30.0 °C (86.0 °F)
Evaporation rate	Not available.
Flammability (solid, gas)	Not applicable.
Upper/lower flammability or exp	losive limits
Explosive limit - lower (%)	Not available.
Explosive limit – upper (%)	Not available.
Vapour pressure	10.65 hPa estimated
Vapour density	Not available.
Relative density	Not available.
Solubility(ies)	
Solubility (water)	Not available.
Partition coefficient (n-octanol/water)	Not available.
Auto-ignition temperature	Not available.
Decomposition temperature	Not available.
Viscosity	Not available.
Other information	
Density	0.95 - 1.22 g/cm³
Explosive properties	Not explosive.
Flammability class	Flammable IC estimated
Oxidising properties	Not oxidising.
Specific gravity	0.86 estimated
10. Stability and reactivity	
Reactivity	The product is stable and non-reactive under normal conditions of use, storage and transport.
Chemical stability	Material is stable under normal conditions.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	Hazardous polymerisation does not occur.
Conditions to avoid	Avoid heat, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. Avoid temperatures exceeding the flash point. Contact with incompatible materials.
Incompatible materials	Strong acids. Strong oxidising agents. Halogens.

# 11. Toxicological information

Hazardous decomposition

products

#### Information on likely routes of exposure

Inhalation	Harmful if inhaled.
Skin contact	Harmful in contact with skin. Causes skin irritation.
Eye contact	Direct contact with eyes may cause temporary irritation.
Ingestion	Expected to be a low ingestion hazard.
Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics	Skin irritation. May cause redness and pain.

No hazardous decomposition products are known.

#### Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity	Harmful if inhaled. Harmful in contact with skin.	
Components	Species	Test Results
Xylene (CAS 1330-20-7)		
<u>Acute</u>		
Dermal		
LD50	Rabbit	> 43 g/kg
Oral		
LD50	Rat	3523 - 8600 mg/kg
Skin corrosion/irritation	Causes skin irritation.	
Serious eye damage/eye irritation	Direct contact with eyes may cause temporary irritation.	
Respiratory or skin sensitisatior	1	
<b>Respiratory sensitisation</b>	Not a respiratory sensitiser.	
Skin sensitisation	This product is not expected to cause skin sensiti	isation.
Germ cell mutagenicity	No data available to indicate product or any components present at greater than 0.1% are mutagenic or genotoxic.	
Carcinogenicity		
ACGIH Carcinogens		
Xylene (CAS 1330-20-7) Canada - Manitoba OELs: ca	A4 Not classifiable as a human carcinogen. arcinogenicity	
Xylene (CAS 1330-20-7)		s a human carcinogen.
	Evaluation of Carcinogenicity	
Xylene (CAS 1330-20-7)	3 Not classifiable as to carcinogenicity to humans.	
Reproductive toxicity	Components in this product have been shown to cause birth defects and reproductive disorders in laboratory animals.	
Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure	Not classified.	
Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure	Not classified.	
Aspiration hazard	Not an aspiration hazard.	
Chronic effects	Prolonged inhalation may be harmful.	
12. Ecological informatior	1	
Ecotoxicity	The product is not classified as environmentally h possibility that large or frequent spills can have a	
Persistence and degradability	No data is available on the degradability of any ir	ngredients in the mixture.
Bioaccumulative potential		
Partition coefficient n-octan Xylene	ol / water (log Kow) 3.12 - 3.2	
Mobility in soil	No data available.	
Other adverse effects	No other adverse environmental effects (e.g. ozo potential, endocrine disruption, global warming potential, endocrine disrupti	
13. Disposal consideration	ns	
Disposal instructions	Collect and reclaim or dispose in sealed containe contents/container in accordance with local/regio	
Local disposal regulations	Dispose in accordance with all applicable regulat	-
Hazardous waste code	The waste code should be assigned in discussion disposal company.	
Waste from residues / unused products	Dispose of in accordance with local regulations. E product residues. This material and its container Disposal instructions).	
Contaminated packaging	Since emptied containers may retain product resi	due, follow label warnings even after container is

### 14. Transport information

TDG	
UN number	UN1307
UN proper shipping name	XYLENES
Transport hazard class(es)	
Class	3
Subsidiary risk	-
Packing group	III
Environmental hazards	No.
Special precautions for user	Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.
ΙΑΤΑ	
UN number	UN1307
UN proper shipping name	Xylenes
Transport hazard class(es)	
Class	3
Subsidiary risk	-
Packing group	111
Environmental hazards	No.
ERG Code	3L
Special precautions for user Other information	Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.
Passenger and cargo aircraft	Allowed with restrictions.
Cargo aircraft only	Allowed with restrictions.
IMDG	
UN number	UN1307
UN proper shipping name	XYLENES
Transport hazard class(es)	
Class	3
Subsidiary risk	-
Packing group	111
Environmental hazards	
Marine pollutant	No.
EmS	F-E, S-D
· ·	Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.
Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code	Not established.

#### IATA; IMDG; TDG



## 15. Regulatory information

**Canadian regulations** 

This product has been classified in accordance with the hazard criteria of the HPR and the SDS contains all the information required by the HPR.

Controlled Drugs and Substances Act Not regulated. Export Control List (CEPA 1999, Schedule 3) Not listed. Greenhouse Gases Not listed.

Ontario. Toxic Substances.	Toxic Reduction Act, 2009. Regulation 455/09 (July 1, 2011)	
Xylene (CAS 1330-20-7)		
Precursor Control Regulation	ons	
Not regulated.		
International regulations		
Stockholm Convention		
Not applicable. Rotterdam Convention		
Not applicable. Kyoto Protocol		
Not applicable. Montreal Protocol		
Not applicable. Basel Convention		
Not applicable.		
International Inventories		
Country(s) or region	Inventory name	On inventory (yes/no)*
Australia	Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals (AICIS)	Yes
Canada	Domestic Substances List (DSL)	Yes
Canada	Non-Domestic Substances List (NDSL)	No
China	Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China (IECSC)	Yes
Europe	European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances (EINECS)	Yes
Europe	European List of Notified Chemical Substances (ELINCS)	No
Japan	Inventory of Existing and New Chemical Substances (ENCS)	Yes
Korea	Existing Chemicals List (ECL)	Yes
New Zealand	New Zealand Inventory	Yes
Philippines	Philippine Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances (PICCS)	Yes
Taiwan	Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory (TCSI)	Yes
United States & Puerto Rico	Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) Inventory	Yes

\*A "Yes" indicates that all components of this product comply with the inventory requirements administered by the governing country(s) A "No" indicates that one or more components of the product are not listed or exempt from listing on the inventory administered by the governing country(s).

# 16. Other information

Issue date	15-August-2023
Version No.	01
Disclaimer	ITW Performance Polymers cannot anticipate all conditions under which this information and its product, or the products of other manufacturers in combination with its product, may be used. It is the user's responsibility to ensure safe conditions for handling, storage and disposal of the product, and to assume liability for loss, injury, damage or expense due to improper use. The information provided in this Safety Data Sheet is correct to the best of our knowledge, information and belief at the date of its publication. The information relates only to the specific material designated and may not be valid for such material used in combination with any other materials or in any process, unless specified in the text. The information given is designed only as a guidance for safe handling, use, processing, storage, transportation, disposal and release.